

ST. ALOYSIUS' COLLEGE

AUTONOMOUS JABALPUR-482001 MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA

CRITERION-7

INSTITUTIONAL VALUES AND BEST **PRACTICES**

Key Indicator – 7.1

Institutional Values and Social Responsibilities





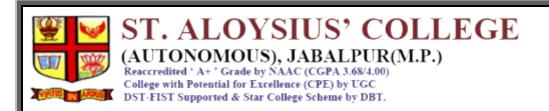
Metric No.: 7.1.3



Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability

Document Name

Hazardous Chemicals and Radioactive Waste Management

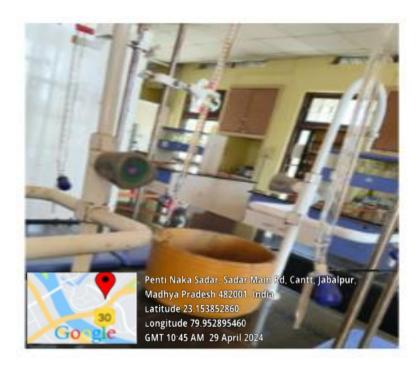


Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability

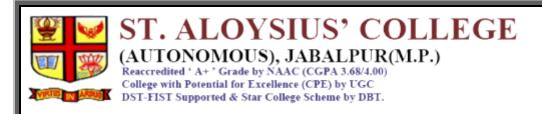
7.1.3 Facilities in the Institution for the management of the following types of degradable and non-degradable waste

Hazardous chemicals and Radioactive Waste Management

Disposal of Cyanide after converting the cyanide into less hazardous using Lassaigne test



Container used for the collection of cyanide and its treatment.

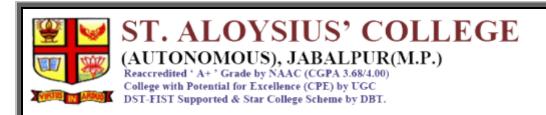


DISPOSAL OF HAZRDOUS CHEMICAL-EtBr (CARCINOGEN)

- EtBr waste is disposed of according to local regulations and institutional guidelines for hazardous chemical waste.
- Neutralize EtBr solutions before disposal and follow recommended procedures for waste disposal.
- Gel containing EtBr is melted in oven and then disposed of.







AUTOCLAVING

- Decontamination of Biohazardous Waste
- Deactivation of Microorganisms





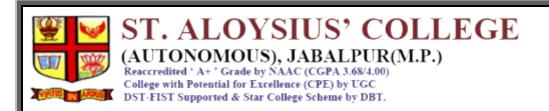








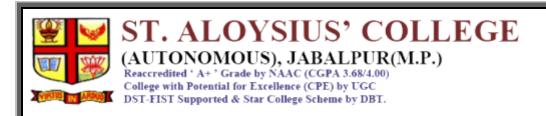
Autoclave for treating microbiological waste and sterilizing glassware



Fume Cubboards

Fume Cubboards used to protect from toxic gases





Radioactive Waste Management Policy

St. Aloysius College procures sealed radioactive sources with authorization from the Atomic Energy Regulatory Board (AERB). The activity level of these sources is kept within safe limits permissible for human exposure. After their useful life, the sealed radioactive sources are typically returned to the manufacturer. Occasionally, they are disposed of as municipal waste, in compliance with regulatory guidelines. It is important to note that the college does not generate any radioactive waste as no radioactive reactions are conducted on campus.